

BEGIN - JUNE 14, 1959

30.24-7415

A86

(240)

London, June 14 (AP)-Moscow radio today accused the United States of planning to use underground explosions to conceal nuclear tests from any future international control authority.

A broadcast to home service listeners suggested this was the real motive behind U.S. consideration of a "so-called clean atom bomb"--one not fired in the atmosphere.

"There has appeared a secret White House report on this subject which according to the New York Times correspondent (unidentified) concludes that theoretically measures can be taken to improve methods of detecting underground atomic explosions as well as of concealing such explosions from an international system of inspection," Moscow declared.

The broadcast added that some U.S. military planners contend it would be impossible to differentiate between a small underground nuclear explosion and a small earthquake.

It was the second recent occasion on which Soviet sources have accused the United States of something less than honesty in nuclear testing. Two days ago, the Soviet navy paper Soviet Fleet claimed a reported American plan to use H-bombs in the construction of an Alaska seaport amounted to a camouflaged test.

-DASH-

A White House board of scientists issued a report Friday saying underground atomic tests probably could be muffled and continued inspection would be needed to detect violations of any test ban. The board said another three years of research would be needed to develop effective means of detecting underground explosions.

FV&KL605PED

A59

(320)

Stockholm, Sweden, June 14 (AP)-Experts of seven European countries have worked out a plan for a second European trade association paralleling the European Common Market.

The seven countries call themselves informally the "Outer Seven," because they are not included in the "Inner Six"--the six countries of the Common Market.

Forty officials of the seven countries--Britain, Austria, Switzerland, Denmark, Norway, Sweden and Portugal--have been meeting in a Stockholm hotel since June 1 working on the plan. The delegates finished their work yesterday and have returned home with the 24-page plan, details of which still are largely secret.

A Swedish Foreign Office announcement today said ministers from the seven countries are expected to meet here about the middle of July to consider the plan and act on it.

The Common Market of West Germany, France, Italy, Belgium, Netherlands and Luxembourg aims at lowering customs duties on trade among themselves and setting up common customs duties on external trade.

H. de Besche, Sweden's chief delegate at the talks here, said the delegates objected to the name of Common Market for the new trade association, however.

It will have no "supergovernmental ruling high authority of the Common Market pattern," he added. "The governing body to be set up is planned as a trade board with delegates responsible to their respective governments."

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THE ULTIMATE PURPOSE, HE EXPLAINED, IS NOT TO COUNTER THE COMMON MARKET BUT TO BRING TOGETHER ALL 17 COUNTRIES OF THE ORGANIZATION OF EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COOPERATION (OEEC) INTO ONE LARGE EUROPEAN FREE TRADE AREA.

THROUGH CORRESPONDENCE, HE ADDED, "THE INNER SIX HAVE PASSED THE WORD THAT THEY HAVE NO OBJECTIONS TO ANOTHER TRADE ASSOCIATION BEING FORMED."

THE NEW ASSOCIATION SPLITS IMPORTS INTO THREE CATEGORIES, EACH TO BE DEALT WITH SEPARATELY. THESE ARE INDUSTRIAL, AGRICULTURAL, AND FISH AND MARINE PRODUCTS.

ON INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS THE IMMEDIATE OBJECTIVE, THE FOREIGN OFFICE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID, IS A REDUCTION OF TARIFFS BY 20 PER CENT BY JULY 1, 1960. THE COMMON MARKET HAS SET A SIMILAR REDUCTION BY THE SAME DATE AS ITS GOAL.

THE PLAN PROVIDES FOR A SPECIAL AGREEMENT ON AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS, THE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID. APPARENTLY THIS QUESTION WAS LEFT OPEN FOR THE MINISTERS TO SETTLE.

THIS WAS DONE TO SATISFY DENMARK WHO IS LARGELY DEPENDENT ON A FLOURISHING TRADE IN AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS WITH BRITAIN AND GERMANY. SHE HAS BEEN AFRAID OF LOSING HER GERMAN TRADE IF SHE JOINED A GROUP OPPOSING THE COMMON MARKET.

PL413PED

A15

Stockholm, June 14 (AP)-The Swedish government has blocked Nikita Khrushchev from delivering a platform speech when visiting this country in August, a Stockholm morning paper reported today.

Dagens Nyheter said a request from the Soviet premier to be given a chance to "talk to a larger audience than an ordinary news conference" had been rejected by the government committee in charge of arrangements for the visit Aug. 15-20.

1959
QR-DA1231PED

A43

BIG FOUR BUDGET (600)
BY ARTHUR GAVSHON

Geneva, June 14 (AP)-Outlines of a possible Berlin compromise emerged tonight through the smoke of East-West controversy as the Big Four entered their make-or-break sixth week of Geneva talks.

But some very delicate diplomatic dealing remained between the promise and fulfillment of any American-British-French-Soviet accord on the disputed city's future.

There was no assurance a new Berlin pact would be concluded at this conference of foreign ministers.

The powers who meet in secret session tomorrow at the residence of French Foreign Minister Maurice Couve de Murville know additionally they are racing against time.

American Secretary of State Christian A. Herter told Andrei A. Gromyko of Russia plainly last Thursday the next three business sessions of the conference should show if a realistic arrangement on Berlin is possible. One of those sessions was used up Friday.

Nevertheless, some of the essential ingredients of a compromise appear to have been accepted by East and West during the dramatic exchanges of the last few days.

TO GET AGREEMENT ON THE TIME, PLACE AND WORK-PROGRAM OF A SUMMIT CONFERENCE THIS SUMMER, GROMYKO TOMORROW OR TUESDAY MAY SHED OR SHELF THE ONE-YEAR TIME LIMIT CONDITION WHICH HIGHLIGHTED HIS STOPGAP BERLIN PLAN.

SUCH A STEP COULD CLEAR THE WAY FOR AN AGREED EAST-WEST COMMUNIQUE IN WHICH THE TWO SIDES WOULD PLEDGE TO STAND STILL IN BERLIN PENDING A LONGER-TERM ARRANGEMENT; TO REFRAIN FROM INCREASING TENSION; TO IMPROVE CONDITIONS IN THE CITY.

THUS THE URGENT PROBLEMS FACING THE BIG FOUR TOMORROW WILL BE TO INSURE THIS PARLEY DOES NOT COLLAPSE AND TO SET UP SIGNPOSTS TOWARD A BERLIN PACT THAT COULD BE CONCLUDED AT THE SUMMIT.

READING BETWEEN THE LINES OF CONFERENCE SPEECHES AND JUDGING BY VIEWS EXPRESSED BY DIPLOMATS OF BOTH SIDES IT ALSO HAS BECOME CLEAR THAT A FINAL COMPROMISE ON BERLIN WILL BE SHAPED BY SEVERAL FACTORS.

RUSSIA HAS RECOGNIZED AT LEAST PARTIALLY AND GRUDGINGLY THAT:

1. THE WESTERN ALLIES INTEND TO RETAIN THEIR LEGAL RIGHTS IN WEST BERLIN--RIGHTS WHICH WILL ALLOW THEM TO INTERVENE ON BEHALF OF 2,200,000 WEST BERLINERS IN CASE OF RED HARASSMENT.

2. THE WESTERN ALLIES INTEND TO STAY ON THERE MORE THAN ONE YEAR, AS RUSSIA HAS SUGGESTED, BUT NO LONGER THAN IT TAKES TO REUNIFY GERMANY.

3. THE WESTERN ALLIES DEMAND CERTAIN GUARANTEES FOR CONTINUANCE OF THEIR ACCESS RIGHTS ALONG THE AIR, LAND AND WATER ROUTES AND WANT THESE RIGHTS DEFINED.

FOR THEIR PART THE WESTERN ALLIES HAVE NOTED, GRUDGINGLY TOO, THAT:

1. THE RUSSIANS REFUSE TO SIGN ANY DOCUMENT "PERPETUATING" INDEFINITELY THE OCCUPATION STATUS NOW ENJOYED BY THE ALLIES IN WEST BERLIN.

2. THE RUSSIANS DEMAND CHANGES INSIDE WEST BERLIN--FOR INSTANCE IN CUTTING BACK MILITARY GARRISONS, CONTROLS ON PROPAGANDA AND SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES DIRECTED AGAINST THE COMMUNIST BLOC, THE INTRODUCTION OF EAST GERMAN CONTROL ALONG THE AIR, LAND AND WATER ROUTES.

EACH SIDE'S ACCEPTANCE OF SOME OF THE ARGUMENTS OF THE OTHER SIDE HAS LED TO A LOT OF SPECULATION ABOUT COMPROMISE SOLUTIONS. THE MOST DISCUSSED POSSIBILITY:

BOTH SIDES WOULD BE BOUND TO LEAVE UNALTERED THE FORM AND DURATION OF EXISTING WESTERN RIGHTS IN WEST BERLIN. BUT A SUPPLEMENTARY AGREEMENT WOULD BE CONCLUDED TO BRING THE EXISTING BERLIN STATUS IN LINE WITH NEW WORLD CONDITIONS.

THUS THE WESTERN ALLIES WOULD NOT HAVE THEIR RIGHTS TAMPERED WITH AND THE RUSSIANS WOULD NOT BE SIGNING ANYTHING TO "PERPETUATE" ALLIED RIGHTS.

A SECOND POSSIBILITY:

THE ALLIES WOULD ASK RUSSIA TO EXTEND HER OFFER OF A ONE-YEAR STANDSTILL IN BERLIN TENTATIVELY TO FIVE YEARS. MEANTIME THE INTERNAL SITUATION WOULD BE IMPROVED. AT THE END OF THE PERIOD, INSTEAD OF WESTERN RIGHTS LAPSPING IF GERMANY IS NOT REUNITED--AS THE RUSSIANS SUGGESTED--THERE COULD BE A NEW EAST-WEST REVIEW OF THE SITUATION.

ONE SENIOR ALLIED DIPLOMAT SOUGHT TO EXPLAIN THE UNWILLINGNESS OF THE WEST TO CONCLUDE A NEW BERLIN STATUTE WITH THE RUSSIANS.

"THERE IS A GOOD ARGUMENT FOR A PRECISE NEW AGREEMENT IN 1959, SPELLING OUT ALLIED RIGHTS IN BERLIN," HE SAID. "IT WOULD UP-DATE THE WARTIME ARRANGEMENTS THAT PUT US THERE. AND THUS IT WOULD REMOVE THE SURFACE VALIDITY OF THE RUSSIAN ARGUMENT THAT, 14 YEARS AFTER THE WAR, THERE IS NO EXCUSE FOR CONTINUING THE OCCUPATION REGIME.

"THERE IS ALSO A GOOD ARGUMENT AGAINST A NEW ARRANGEMENT. IT IS THAT RUSSIAN ASSENT WOULD BE REQUIRED. AND ALL OF US HAVE SET OUR FACES AGAINST 'BUYING' OUR RIGHT A SECOND TIME TO BE IN BERLIN."

WHATEVER HAPPENS IN THE NEXT FEW DAYS THE GENERAL ASSUMPTION HERE IS THAT THE CONFERENCE WILL WIND UP BY THE END OF THE WEEK WITH A COMMUNIQUE LISTING AREAS OF AGREEMENT AND DISAGREEMENT. IT THEN WOULD BE UP TO THE WESTERN ALLIES TO DECIDE, VERY SWIFTLY, WHETHER ANY SUCH LIST WARRANTS THE HOLDING OF A SUMMIT CONFERENCE.

IN THE CRUCIAL EXCHANGE LEADING TO A DECISION ON A SUMMIT MEETING, KEY ROLES ARE LIKELY TO BE PLAYED BY GROMYKO AND FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD OF BRITAIN.

GROMYKO SPENT THE WEEKEND QUIETLY HERE, AS DID HERTER. LLOYD WAS IN LONDON MEETING WITH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN. THE BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY WILL RETURN HERE BY AIR IN TIME FOR TOMORROW'S MEETING FRESH FROM A BRITISH CABINET MEETING WITH UP-DATED ORDERS.

THE GENERAL GUESS HERE IS THAT THOSE ORDERS WILL SAY LITTLE MORE THAN: "BE FIRM WITH GROMYKO--STICK CLOSELY TO YOUR FRIENDS--BUT KEEP THE TALKS GOING AND WORK FOR A SUMMIT."

FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE ARRIVED BACK IN GENEVA AFTER WEEKEND CONSULTATIONS WITH PRESIDENT DE GAULLE IN PARIS. COUVE DE MURVILLE DECLINED TO MAKE ANY PREDICTION ON THE OUTCOME OF THE TALKS. HE SAID A FRENCH CABINET MEETING WILL BE HELD TOMORROW AND THAT THE GENEVA TALKS WILL BE DISCUSSED.

COUVE DE MURVILLE TOLD REPORTERS HE STILL INTENDS TO ACCOMPANY DE GAULLE ON AN OFFICIAL VISIT TO ITALY BEGINNING JUNE 23. SHOULD THE GENEVA TALKS CONTINUE PAST THAT DATE A DEPUTY PRESUMABLY WOULD SIT IN FOR COUVE DE MURVILLE.

FV550PED

A57

WITH GENEVA (150)

LONDON, JUNE 14 (AP)--FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD FLIES BACK TO GENEVA TOMORROW AND IS EXPECTED TO TELL THE RUSSIANS FORCIBLY THAT BRITAIN IS AGAINST HOLDING A SUMMIT CONFERENCE WITHOUT GOOD PROSPECTS FOR ITS SUCCESS.

LLOYD CONFERRED WITH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN DURING THE WEEKEND. THE LATTER IS PICTURED AS ANXIOUS TO DEMONSTRATE BRITAIN'S UNITY WITH HER ALLIES ON ALL BASIC ISSUES AND EVEN KEENER TO SHOW THAT A SUMMIT PARLEY MUST BE JUSTIFIED BY PROGRESS AT GENEVA.

THE MINIMUM BRITISH REQUIREMENT FOR SUCH A STEP WAS TAKEN HERE TO BE A LIMITED AGREEMENT ON THE IMMEDIATE FUTURE OF BERLIN, SAFEGUARDING WESTERN ACCESS TO THE CITY.

IN A SPEECH YESTERDAY, MACMILLAN WARNED THE RUSSIANS THEIR POSITION MUST BE CONSIDERABLY MODIFIED, BUT AT THE SAME TIME HELD OUT HOPES FOR A NEW ARRANGEMENT THROUGH PATIENT NEGOTIATION.

COLLAPSE OF THE GENEVA NEGOTIATIONS COULD BE A SERIOUS BLOW TO MACMILLAN, WHO HAS SET HIGH POLITICAL HOPES ON ACHIEVING AN EARLY SUMMIT CONFERENCE.

AS4PED

1959
A58 (220)

BIG FOUR SEPARATE
GENEVA, JUNE 14 (AP)--ANDREI A. GROMYKO WAS REPORTED TONIGHT TO HAVE DUCKED A WEST GERMAN CHALLENGE TO TEST WHETHER WEST BERLINERS WOULD WELCOME SOVIET TROOPS.

THE CHALLENGE OF A PLEBISCITE ON THE POINT WAS PUT FORWARD INFORMALLY FRIDAY NIGHT TO THE SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER BY WEST GERMAN AMBASSADOR WILHELM GREWE. THE OCCASION WAS A DINNER PARTY GIVEN TO GROMYKO BY WEST GERMANY'S FOREIGN MINISTER, HEINRICH VON BRENTANO.

A QUALIFIED SOURCE SAID AT ONE TIME IN THE EVENING GREWE AND GROMYKO APPARENTLY WERE DISCUSSING RUSSIA'S PROPOSAL THAT RED ARMY TROOPS JOIN THE UNITED STATES, BRITISH AND FRENCH GARRISONS IN WEST BERLIN AS PART OF THE GENERAL SOVIET PLAN FOR TURNING WEST BERLIN INTO A FREE CITY.

GREWE, WHO IS CHIEF WEST GERMAN DELEGATE AT THE BIG FOUR TALKS HERE, ASKED GROMYKO IF THE SOVIET UNION WOULD CARE TO HOLD A PLEBISCITE AMONG THE 2,200,000 WEST BERLINERS TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE RED TROOPS WOULD BE ACCEPTABLE.

THE INFORMANT SAID GROMYKO BRUSHED ASIDE THE SUGGESTION. GREWE THEREUPON ASKED GROMYKO IF HE WOULD CONSIDER AGREEING TO A PLEBISCITE IN WEST BERLIN IF IT WERE TO BE ARRANGED A LITTLE DIFFERENTLY. FIRST, HE SUGGESTED, THE SOVIET TROOPS SHOULD COME IN. THE PLEBISCITE COULD BE HELD TO DETERMINE WHETHER WEST BERLINERS FELT THEY SHOULD OR SHOULD NOT STAY. AGAIN, SAID THE INFORMANT, GROMYKO DUCKED THE QUESTION.

A77

AS/PL405PED

WITH GENEVA BIG FOUR (220)
MOSCOW, JUNE 14 (AP)-DIPLOMATIC SOURCES SAID TODAY THEY BELIEVE NEW INSTRUCTIONS ARE BEING DRAFTED HERE FOR SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO AT THE GENEVA CONFERENCE. THEY ADDED THESE INSTRUCTIONS WOULD COVER WHAT WILL PROBABLY BE THE FINAL PHASE OF THE BIG FOUR FOREIGN MINISTERS TALKS.

ACCORDING TO THESE INFORMANTS, SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV IS TAKING UP THE GERMAN ISSUE WITH THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY PRESIDIUM. THE INFORMANTS SAID SOVIET LEADERS ALSO ARE BELIEVED TO BE DRAFTING A JOINT COMMUNIQUE ON THE VISIT OF TOP EAST GERMAN COMMUNISTS TO THIS COUNTRY.

OFFICIAL REPORTS SAID EAST GERMAN PREMIER OTTO GROTEWOHL AND COMMUNIST PARTY BOSS WALTER ULRICH STOOD TODAY SIGHTSEEING IN KIEV.

ONE DIPLOMATIC SOURCE SAID IN HIS OPINION THE GENEVA CONFERENCE MIGHT CONCLUDE WITH AN EAST-WEST AGREEMENT ON WHAT HE DESCRIBED AS THE "STATUS QUO WITH FACE SAVERS ON BOTH SIDES."

OTHER DIPLOMATIC INFORMANTS, WHO DECLINED TO GO INTO DETAILS, SAID THEY ARE SURE OF ONE THING AT LEAST:

THE SOVIET UNION STILL IS VITALLY INTERESTED IN HAVING A SUMMIT MEETING AND IS UNLIKELY TO JEOPARDIZE THE PROSPECTS OF HOLDING ONE.

THERE WAS A SLURRY OF SPECULATION HERE ON THE TIMETABLE OF SUCH A MEETING.

SOME DIPLOMATS HERE BELIEVE THE GENEVA MEETING IS LIKELY TO WIND UP THIS WEEK, POSSIBLY FRIDAY.

DIPLOMATIC SPECULATING ON THE TIME OF A SUMMIT MEETING SAY IT WILL CONVENE SOMETIME IN JULY AND LAST A WEEK OR TWO WITH THE AGENDA CENTERING ON THE BROAD QUESTIONS OF EUROPEAN SECURITY AND SOVIET PROPOSALS FOR ATOM-FREE ZONES AND DISENGAGEMENT AREAS.

KS519PED

S11

1959
(110)

BERLIN JUNE 14 (AP)-FOUR EAST GERMANS HAVE BEEN SENTENCED TO JAIL BY A COMMUNIST COURT FOR CIRCULATING ANTI-SOVIET LEAFLETS.

VOLKSTIMME, A COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER FROM EAST GERMANY WHICH REACHED BERLIN TODAY, SAID THE FOUR RESIDENTS OF MOSEL, WERE ARRESTED LAST FEBRUARY WHEN THEY PREPARED LEAFLETS DENOUNCING SOVIET PROPOSALS FOR A GERMAN PEACE TREATY.

30.24-7417

THEY ALSO HAD TURNED OUT POSTERS APPROVING THE EAST GERMAN WORKERS' UPRISING OF JUNE 17, 1953, AND THE REVOLT IN HUNGARY IN 1956, THE PAPER SAID.

THE DISTRICT COURT AT KARL MARX CITY SENTENCED KARL KILBE TO 10 YEARS AND 3 MONTHS, HEINZ MUELLER TO 10 YEARS AND 2 MONTHS, THIELEMANN (FIRST NAME UNAVAILABLE) TO 2 YEARS AND 6 MONTHS. VERNER PAESSLER GOT A SUSPENDED EIGHT-MONTH PRISON SENTENCE.

S6

PL438PED

(160)

HELMSTEDT, GERMANY, JUNE 14 (AP)-A SECRET POLICEMAN FROM COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY IS BEING HELD ON A CHARGE OF CARRYING AN UNAUTHORIZED WEAPON, FOLLOWING THE RELEASE OF TWO FRENCH GENDARMES BY THE EAST GERMANS. HE WAS IDENTIFIED AS ERNST JUERGEN UHLMANN OF MAGDEBURG.

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HE AND A COLLEAGUE APPEARED AT THIS WEST GERMAN BORDER POST FRIDAY BEFORE THE FRENCHMEN WERE RELEASED, APPARENTLY TO NEGOTIATE. BUT INSTEAD OF MEETING THEIR WEST GERMAN NEGOTIATION PARTNERS IN THE USUAL NO MAN'S LAND--A HIGHWAY BRIDGE OVER A LOCAL ROAD--THEY CAME DIRECTLY UP TO THE WEST GERMAN CUSTOMS BARRIER.

THE WEST GERMANS ASKED FOR THEIR PAPERS AND BOTH TURNED AND RAN. ONE GOT AWAY, UHLMANN DREW A REVOLVER BUT WAS OVERPOWERED--STILL IN WEST GERMAN TERRITORY, THE WEST GERMANS SAY. AN EAST GERMAN STATEMENT CHARGED HE HAD BEEN FORCED OVER TO THE WESTERN SIDE. A WEST GERMAN JUDGE YESTERDAY ISSUED A WARRANT AUTHORIZING HIM TO BE HELD.

THE GENDARMES, WHO WERE RELEASED ANYHOW, HAD BEEN ARRESTED IN EAST GERMANY WHEN THEY JUMPED FROM A FRENCH MILITARY TRAIN TO PURSUE A FLEEING ALGERIAN PRISONER.

BC407PED

A25

IRAQ BUDGET (480)

BY STAN CARTER

BAGHDAD, IRAQ, JUNE 14 (AP)-A BITTER CONTEST IS RAGING IN THE COUNTRYSIDE BETWEEN COMMUNISTS AND LEFTWING NATIONAL DEMOCRATS FOR LEADERSHIP OF THE PEASANTS WHO MAKE UP THE BULK OF IRAQ'S POPULATION. SEVERAL FIGHTS HAVE BEEN REPORTED AND SOME PEASANTS HAVE BEEN KILLED.

AS A RESULT, A DIFFERENT ATMOSPHERE HAS REPLACED THE BRIEF PERIOD OF SURFACE RELAXATION IN BAGHDAD THAT FOLLOWED PREMIER ABDEL KARIM KASSEM'S STAND LAST MONTH AGAINST POLITICAL PARTY ACTIVITY.

HIS STAND PUT A STOP, AT LEAST FOR THE TIME BEING, TO COMMUNIST AGITATION FOR A REORGANIZATION OF THE CABINET THAT WOULD BRING IN COMMUNISTS.

BUT THE OUTLINE OF EVENTS NOW EMERGING IS THAT THE CONTEST HAS BEEN SHIFTED FROM THE CAPITAL TO THE COUNTRYSIDE.

(CAIRO NEWSPAPERS SAID AN IRAQI NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICER EITHER WAS KILLED OR SERIOUSLY WOUNDED BY A GUARD AT PREMIER KASSEM'S OFFICE LAST WEEK. THE CAIRO REPORTS SAID THE OFFICER, AZIZ ABU SALMA, WAS RUSHING TO KASSEM TO WARN HIM OF AN ASSASSINATION PLOT, AND THAT THE GUARD WHO SHOT HIM HAD BEEN ARRESTED. KASSEM WAS SAID TO HAVE HELD AN EMERGENCY CABINET MEETING TO DISCUSS THE AFFAIR. IRAQI CENSORSHIP PREVENTS CONFIRMATION OF THE STORY FROM BAGHDAD.)

THE STRUGGLE CENTERS ON THE LAND REDISTRIBUTION PROGRAM DECREED BY THE KASSEM REGIME LAST SEPTEMBER. THE GOVERNMENT HAS BEEN CONFISCATING FARMLAND FROM BIG LANDOWNERS AND PREPARING TO BEGIN DISTRIBUTING IT TO PEASANTS ON JULY 14, FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF THE IRAQI REVOLUTION.

THE PEASANTS ARE TO PAY FOR LAND IN 20-YEAR INSTALLMENTS, BUT MOST PEASANTS SEEM TO THINK IT WILL BE A GIFT.

THE COMMUNISTS INSPIRED THE RECENT FORMATION OF A NATIONAL PEASANTS FEDERATION, WHICH THEY INSIST SHOULD HAVE A HAND IN ADMINISTERING THE DISTRIBUTION.

BUT WHEN THE COMMUNISTS GOT DOMINANCE OVER IRAQ'S NEWLY ORGANIZED LABOR UNIONS LAST FALL, A NATIONAL DEMOCRAT PARTY LEADER DECLARED: "WE COULD NOT STOP THEM IN THE CITY, BUT WE ARE STRONG IN THE COUNTRYSIDE. WHEN THE PEASANTS ARE ORGANIZED IT WILL BE OUR TURN."

TWO MILLION IRAQIS ARE EMPLOYED FULL TIME AS FARM WORKERS, COMPARED WITH ABOUT 50,000 IN INDUSTRY.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATS AND COMMUNISTS HAVE BEEN ORGANIZING RIVAL SLATES OF CANDIDATES FOR LOCAL PEASANT SOCIETIES WHICH, UNDER THE AGRARIAN REFORM LAW, ARE SUPPOSED TO SAFEGUARD PEASANT INTERESTS.

A NUMBER OF FIGHTS HAS BEEN REPORTED BETWEEN THE RIVAL SLATES. APPARENTLY THERE HAVE BEEN CLASHES, TPP, BETWEEN PEASANTS AND LAND-OWNERS ATTEMPTING TO PROTECT THEIR HOLDINGS.

THE LEFTIST NEWSPAPER AL BILAD REPORTED A PEASANT, IBRAHIM ABBAS, WAS MURDERED LAST THURSDAY AT KANAN NAHIYA AT THE INSTIGATION OF A LANDOWNER NAMED KARIM SHEI.

THE PAPER SAID ANOTHER PEASANT, DAHAM AS SAAD, WAS ASSASSINATED IN THE SAME AREA THE DAY BEFORE "BY DIRTY HANDS EXPERT IN METHODS OF TERRORISM."

IT SAID "REACTIONARY AND FEUDALIST ELEMENTS" WERE TRYING TO PARALYZE AGRARIAN REFORM.

THE NATIONAL DEMOCRAT NEWSPAPER ALAHALI CHARGED THAT THE SECRETARY OF THE NATIONAL PEASANTS UNION, WHICH HAS A SAY IN WHICH OF THE LOCAL SOCIETIES SHOULD BE RECOGNIZED, IS NOT A PEASANT AT ALL BUT A HOSPITAL ATTENDANT. THE COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER ITTIHAD ALSHAAB REPLIED THAT ALAHALI WAS CONSPICUOUSLY ACTIVE IN "VILIFYING COMMUNIST ORGANIZATIONS, LEAGUES AND THE GENERAL UNION OF PEASANT SOCIETIES." BESIDE THE CLASHES IN THE COUNTRY, AL BILAD REPORTED AN INCIDENT AT THE BAGHDAD RADIO STATION IN WHICH THE COMMANDER OF SOLDIERS GUARDING THE STATION BROKE UP A MEETING OF THE STATION'S "COMMITTEE FOR THE DEFENSE OF THE REPUBLIC."

PL139PED

A42

WITH BAGHDAD

TEHRAN, IRAN, JUNE 14 (AP)-THE NEWSPAPER ETTELAAT SAID TODAY TWO SOVIET EXPERTS WORKING AT SEIBEH MILITARY BASE IN IRAQ, OPPOSITE ABADAN REFINERY, AND FIVE IRAQI COMMUNISTS WERE WOUNDED IN A CLASH YESTERDAY.

THE PAPER SAID IRAQI NATIONALISTS THREW A BOMB AT THE AMBULANCE CARRYING THE WOUNDED SOVIET EXPERTS TO A HOSPITAL. MARTIAL LAW HAS BEEN IMPOSED IN THE SEIBEH AREA BECAUSE OF YESTERDAY'S FIGHTING,

ETTELAAT SAID.

QR241PED

A134

(140)

CAIRO, JUNE 14 (AP)-PRESIDENT NASSER OF THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC ISSUED A DECREE TODAY ABOLISHING THE SCREENING COMMITTEE THAT WOULD HAVE HAD VETO POWERS OVER CANDIDATES IN JULY ELECTIONS OF THE NATIONAL UNION--THE U.A.R.'S ONLY POLITICAL PARTY.

PRESS REPORTS SAY THAT IN EGYPT--WHICH TOGETHER WITH SYRIA FORMS THE U.A.R.--NEARLY 100,000 CANDIDATES HAVE ENTERED THE RACE FOR ABOUT 30,000 SEATS IN VILLAGE COUNCILS. THE VILLAGE COUNCILS WILL BE ELECTED BY POPULAR VOTE. THEY IN TURN WILL ELECT DISTRICT COUNCILS WHICH WILL ELECT PROVINCIAL COUNCILS.

THE LATTER WILL ELECT THE GENERAL CONGRESS OF THE NATIONAL UNION. FROM THE CONGRESS NASSER WILL CHOOSE A PARLIAMENT TO SERVE UNTIL THE U.A.R. GETS A PERMANENT CONSTITUTION.

MJ/G902PED

A8

OTARU, JAPAN, JUNE 14 (AP)-TWO JAPANESE FISHING BOATS WERE SEIZED EARLY TODAY BY SOVIET PATROL BOATS ABOUT 1 1/2 MILES EAST OF CAPE NOSSAPU, OFF JAPAN'S NORTHERNMOST ISLAND OF HOKKAIDO, THE JAPANESE MARITIME SAFETY AGENCY REPORTED. THE 4-TON KAJIMA-MARU AND THE 3-TON KOEI-MARU WERE CAPTURED ALONG WITH THE NO.8 KAMOME-MARU, BUT THE LATTER WAS RELEASED.

--DASH--

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, JUNE 14 (AP)-TWO FISHING BOATS RETURNED TO THE NORTH FORMOSA PORT OF KEELUNG YESTERDAY REPORTING THEY HAD BEEN SEIZED BY THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS, THEN RELEASED. PRESS REPORTS IDENTIFIED THE BOATS AS THE CHUNGSHAN NO.61 AND THE CHUNGSHAN NO.62. THEY DID NOT SAY HOW LONG THE VESSELS HAD BEEN DETAINED OR GIVE OTHER DETAILS.

QR1216PED

A187SE

1959
VICTORIA, B.C., JUNE 14-(AP)-THE CANADIAN NAVY AND THE ROYAL CANADIAN AIR FORCE INVESTIGATED REPORTS TODAY THAT AN UNIDENTIFIED SUBMARINE WAS OPERATING IN WATERS OFF VANCOUVER ISLAND.

AFTER A FULL DAY OF SEARCHING NOTHING WAS DISCOVERED, A SPOKESMAN AT THE ESQUIMALT NAVY BASE HERE SAID. THE REPORT WAS RECEIVED SATURDAY NIGHT FROM SURFACE VESSELS IN THE VICINITY.

THE NUMBER OF AIR AND SURFACE CRAFT INVOLVED IN THE SUB HUNT WAS NOT REVEALED BECAUSE OF SECURITY REGULATIONS. AT LEAST ONE CANSO AIRCRAFT FROM THE RCAF STATION AT VANCOUVER WAS KNOWN TO BE TAKING PART, HOWEVER.

SEVERAL REPORTS OF UNIDENTIFIED SUBMARINES IN THE WATERS OFF NORTHERN BRITISH COLUMBIA HAVE BEEN RECEIVED PREVIOUSLY. THEY HAVE NEVER BEEN OFFICIALLY CONFIRMED.

PC941PPS NM

A51WX

(350) ADVANCE FOR 5:30 P.M. EST TODAY
FDR-BRITISH

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JUNE 14 (AP)-PRESIDENT FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT ONCE TOYED WITH THE IDEA OF TAKING OVER BRITISH COLONIES IN RETURN FOR AMERICAN AID. BUT HE FIGURED THEY WOULD BRING ON TOO MANY HEADACHES.

ROOSEVELT OUTLINED HIS THOUGHTS IN A JAN. 11, 1941, MEMO FROM HIS HYDE PARK, N.Y., HOME TO SECRETARY OF STATE CORDELL HULL AFTER GETTING A MESSAGE FROM PRIME MINISTER WINSTON S. CHURCHILL ABOUT BRITAIN'S HARD-PRESSED FINANCES IN THE WAR AGAINST HITLER.

AS THINGS WORKED OUT, THE UNITED STATES SENT VAST AID TO BRITAIN AND OTHERS THROUGH LEND-LEASE WITHOUT DEMANDING TERRITORY IN RETURN.

SOME MORE DOCUMENTS OF THE PERIOD WERE MADE PUBLIC BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT TODAY IN VOL. III OF ITS SEVEN-PART SERIES ON "FOREIGN RELATIONS OF THE UNITED STATES, 1941." THE DEPARTMENT HAS A PROGRAM OF STRIPPING SECRECY FROM OLD DIPLOMATIC PAPERS AFTER A LAPSE OF TIME.

ROOSEVELT TOLD HULL HE FAVORED BRITAIN'S PUTTING UP SOME FORM OF SECURITY AGAINST FUTURE WAR ORDERS FROM THE UNITED STATES, SO AS TO HELP GET THE THEN-PENDING LEND LEASE BILL THROUGH CONGRESS. BUT HE EXPRESSED DOUBT THAT THE BRITISH HAD ASSETS OF MUCH VALUE TO THE UNITED STATES.

THE PRESIDENT ADDED:

"THERE IS ALWAYS THE POSSIBILITY OF THEIR PUTTING UP THEIR SOVEREIGNTY TO AND OVER CERTAIN COLONIES, SUCH AS BERMUDA, THE BRITISH WEST INDIES, BRITISH HONDURAS AND BRITISH GUINEA (ROOSEVELT PROBABLY MEANT GUIANA).

"I AM NOT YET CLEAR IN MY MIND, HOWEVER, AS TO WHETHER THE UNITED STATES SHOULD CONSIDER AMERICAN SOVEREIGNTY OVER THESE ISLANDS AND THEIR POPULATIONS AND THE TWO MAINLAND COLONIES AS SOMETHING WORTH WHILE OR AS A DISTINCT LIABILITY.

"IF WE CAN GET OUR NAVAL BASES WHY, FOR EXAMPLE, SHOULD WE BUY WITH THEM TWO MILLION HEADACHES, CONSISTING OF THAT NUMBER OF HUMAN BEINGS WHO WOULD BE A DEFINITE ECONOMIC DRAG ON THIS COUNTRY, AND WHO WOULD STIR UP QUESTIONS OF RACIAL STOCKS BY VIRTUE OF THEIR NEW STATUS AS AMERICAN CITIZENS?

"IN THE PACIFIC THERE ARE CERTAIN SMALL BRITISH ISLANDS WHICH NOT FROM THE POPULATION OR ECONOMIC POINT OF VIEW, BUT FROM THE MILITARY AND NAVAL POINT OF VIEW, MIGHT BE A DISTINCT ASSET, AND, AT THE SAME TIME, MIGHT BE A DEFINITE LIABILITY.

"THESE ARE THE ISLANDS SOUTH OF HAWAII (CANTON, ENDERBURY, CHRISTMAS, THE PHOENIX GROUP, ETC., AND DOWN TO SAMOA) AND THE ISLANDS SOUTHWEST OF HAWAII AND SOUTH OF THE JAPANESE MANDATED ISLANDS (THE GILBERT AND ELICE GROUPS).

"IF WE OWNED THEM THEY WOULD BE VALUABLE AS STEPPING STONES IN THE CONTROL OF THE CENTRAL PACIFIC AREA, BUT, AT THE SAME TIME, THEY WOULD BE DIFFICULT TO DEFEND AGAINST JAPAN OR A COMBINATION OF JAPAN WITH SOME OTHER NAVAL POWER. . . ."

RZ336PED

30.24-7419

A37WX (BJT) (LAJ)

ADVANCE FOR 5:30 P.M. EST TODAY
(400) LAOS AID BUDGET

BY JOHN AVERILL

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JUNE 14 (AP)-HOUSE INVESTIGATORS TODAY REPORTED BRIBERY, BUMBLING AND LARGESCALE WASTE IN U. S. AID TO THE SOUTHEAST ASIAN KINGDOM OF LAOS.

THE INTERNATIONAL OPERATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE UNDER REP. PORTER HARDY JR. (D-VA) UNANIMOUSLY PRESENTED THESE FINDINGS ON THE EVE OF HOUSE DEBATE ON PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S PLEA FOR FOUR BILLION DOLLARS MORE IN FOREIGN AID, INCLUDING UNDISCLOSED SUMS FOR LAOS.

HIGH STATE DEPARTMENT AND AID OFFICIALS TOOK ISSUE WITH THE CONGRESSIONAL REPORT. DESPITE SOME ADMITTED FAULTS NOW BEING CLEARED UP, THEY SAID, THE LAOS AID PROGRAM HAS PROVED SUCCESSFUL BY KEEPING THE TINY COUNTRY FROM FALLING INTO THE CLUTCHES OF ITS COMMUNIST NEIGHBORS TO THE NORTH.

IN FACT, DECLARED ASST. SECRETARY OF STATE WALTER S. ROBERTSON, CAREER DIPLOMAT J. GRAHAM PARSONS DID SUCH A FINE JOB AS AMBASSADOR TO LAOS THAT IT HELPED WIN HIS RECENT SENATE-APPROVED PROMOTION TO ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR THE FAR EAST TO SUCCEED THE RETIRING ROBERTSON.

THE BLISTERING 51-PAGE HOUSE REPORT CAPPED A 14-MONTH INQUIRY INTO THE QUARTER BILLION DOLLARS WORTH OF U. S. ASSISTANCE PUMPED INTO LAOS SINCE 1955. THE COUNTRY, SMALLER THAN ILLINOIS-INDIANA AND WITH A POPULATION OF TWO MILLION, EMERGED AS AN INDEPENDENT NATION IN 1954 AFTER THE INDOCHINA WAR. IT HAS COME UNDER CONSTANT PRESSURE FROM COMMUNIST CHINA AND NORTH VIET NAM, WHICH BORDER LAOS FOR 600 MILES.

THE HOUSE INVESTIGATORS GOT SWORN TESTIMONY LAST MARCH FROM EDWARD T. McNAMARA, FORMER PUBLIC WORKS OFFICER FOR THE U. S. AID MISSION IN LAOS, THAT HE ACCEPTED \$13,000 IN BRIBES FROM THE AMERICAN-OWNED UNIVERSAL CONSTRUCTION CO. IN RETURN FOR HELPING THE FIRM GET ROADBUILDING CONTRACTS.

THE CONGRESSMEN REFERRED THEIR FINDINGS TO THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT. OFFICIALS OF THE AID-ADMINISTERING INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION SAID THE LAST CONTRACT WITH UNIVERSAL HAD BEEN CANCELED PENDING A STUDY ON WHAT CLAIMS THE GOVERNMENT COULD MAKE AGAINST THE COMPANY.

A KEY COMMITTEE CONCLUSION WAS THAT THE STATE DEPARTMENT DECIDED FOR POLITICAL REASONS TO SUPPORT A 25,000-MAN ARMY IN LAOS "DESPITE CONTRARY RECOMMENDATIONS BY THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF," AND THAT THIS IN TURN FORCED AN AID PROGRAM SO BIG AS TO FOSTER PROFITEERING AND SET OFF INFLATION.

DISPUSING THIS, STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS SAID THE LATE SECRETARY JOHN FOSTER DULLES HIMSELF DECIDED IN FAVOR OF A 25,000-MAN FORCE. THEY PROFERRED IGNORANCE OF "A SIGNIFICANT MILITARY OPINION," AS THE COMMITTEE PUT IT, THAT THE ARMY'S SIZE SHOULD BE 12,000 TO 15,000.

ADMINISTRATION AUTHORITIES SAID THE PENTAGON STRONGLY ENDORSED THE 25,000-MAN LEVEL, AND HAD OBJECTED ONLY TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S VETO OF A U. S. MILITARY MISSION IN LAOS TO RUN THE ARMS AID PROGRAM. THE DEPARTMENT SAID THIS WOULD VIOLATE THE 1954 ARMISTICE TERMS WITH THE COMMUNISTS.

AS FOR INFLATION WHICH DOUBLED THE COST OF LIVING IN LAOS IN 1953-8, AID OFFICIALS SAID IT WAS ONLY THE INFLUX OF U. S. AID GOODS WHICH KEPT PRICES FROM RISING MUCH HIGHER. AND THEY SAID A NEW REGIME IN LAOS HAS CLEANED OUT LOCAL OFFICIALS WHO HAD ENRICHED THEMSELVES THROUGH U. S. AID.

ER235PED

B45AH (Q)

(150)

LINCOLN, NEB., JUNE 14 (AP)-THE COMMANDING GENERAL OF THE FIFTH ARMY SAID TODAY HE DOES NOT LOOK FOR THE COLD WAR TO DEVELOP INTO A "SHOOTING WAR" IN THE FORESEEABLE FUTURE, ALTHOUGH "BRUSH FIRES" WILL CONTINUE.

SOVIET PREMIER KRUSCHEV "IS NOT READY FOR WORLD WAR III," LT. GEN. WILLIAM H. ARNOLD OF CHICAGO SAID IN AN INTERVIEW. HE WAS HERE TO ADDRESS THE LINCOLN CHAPTER OF THE ASSOCIATION OF THE U.S. ARMY.

GEN. ARNOLD SAID THE PRESENT COLD WAR IS NOT LIKELY TO EASE UNLESS THERE IS A SHIFT IN RUSSIAN TACTICS OR A CHANGE IN PERSONALITIES INVOLVED.

THE SOVIET AMBITION FOR WORLD DOMINATION REMAINS UNCHANGED, HE NOTED.

THE FOOT SOLDIER STILL IS NEEDED IN THIS AGE OF MISSILE WARFARE, GEN. ARNOLD SUGGESTED.

THE PROBLEM OF PERSONNEL TURNOVER HARRASSES ALL BRANCHES OF THE MILITARY SERVICE BUT RECENT PAY INCREASES AND OTHER EMOLUMENTS HAVE HELPED THE SITUATION, HE SAID.

THE QUALITY OF THE RECRUIT, PHYSICALLY AND MENTALLY, IS FAR SUPERIOR TO WHAT IT USED TO BE, HE NOTED. THE ARMY SCREENS AND SELECTS ITS MEN THESE DAYS, HE SAID.

JJ703PCS

A142KX

(WEST OUT)

(260)

HOUSTON, TEX., JUNE 14 (AP)-ONE OF TWO WORKMEN CONTAMINATED IN A 1957 RADIATION MISHAP HERE UNDERGOES SURGERY TOMORROW FOR REMOVAL OF A TUMOR OF THE BLADDER.

"IT SEEMS LIKE THINGS ARE GETTING PROGRESSIVELY WORSE," HAROLD E. NORTHWAY SAID TODAY FROM HIS HOSPITAL BED. "TOMORROW I MAY HAVE SOMETHING ELSE WRONG. I DON'T KNOW."

NORTHWAY, 53, AND JACKSON MCVEY, 38, BOTH RECEIVED DOSES OF RADIOACTIVE IRIDIUM 192 WHEN TWO PELLETS CONTAINING THE SUBSTANCE DISINTEGRATED.

THE ACCIDENT OCCURRED AT THE M. W. KELLOGG CO. PLANT MARCH 13, 1957. NEITHER OF THE MEN HAVE WORKED SINCE.

BOTH SUFFER CATARACTS OF THE EYES, AS DOES MCVEY'S WIFE, 36, AND SON, ED, 19.

THE TWO HAVE PENDING A \$426,635 CIVIL SUIT AGAINST THE PHILLIPS PETROLEUM CO., WHICH THEY CONTEND WAS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE KELLOGG ACCIDENT.

A PHILLIPS SPOKESMAN IN BARTLESVILLE, OKLA., SAID LATE TONIGHT THAT THE TWO OFFICIALS WHO WOULD KNOW ABOUT THE CASE WERE NOT AVAILABLE FOR COMMENT.

"I'M GETTING A NEW PAIR OF GLASSES NEXT WEEK, TRIFOCALS," NORTHWAY SAID. "MY SIGHT IS GETTING WORSE ALL THE TIME. THIS WILL BE THE FIFTH DIFFERENT PAIR OF GLASSES SINCE THE ACCIDENT. I ONLY USED GLASSES BEFORE FOR READING."

"I'VE HAD TO BORROW MONEY FROM THE BANK. I SPENT ALL MY \$6,000 SAVINGS, \$5,200 FOR AN INSURANCE COMPANY SETTLEMENT, AND I'M THOUSANDS IN DEBT NOW."

"I WOULDN'T BE ABLE TO HOLD A JOB. I'VE GOT TO LIE DOWN THREE OR FOUR HOURS EVERY DAY. NOTHING SEEMS TO MATTER. I GET FATIGUED, NO ENERGY," NORTHWAY CONTINUED.

"I'VE BEEN LIVING ON BORROWED MONEY. I'M AFRAID I'M ALSO LIVING ON BORROWED TIME."

MCVEY SAID HE HAD PERFECT VISION BEFORE THE ACCIDENT. NOW, HE SAID, HIS SECOND PAIR OF GLASSES IS BEING MADE AND HIS WIFE IS ON HER FOURTH PAIR.

MCVEY CONTENDS THE INCIDENT CONTAMINATED HIS WORK CLOTHES AND OTHER MEMBERS OF HIS FAMILY.

"IT'S GOING TO BE THIS WAY A LONG, LONG TIME," HE SAID. "THINGS AREN'T GETTING ANY BETTER. THEY'RE GETTING WORSE. ALL I DO IS STAY AROUND THE HOUSE."

LK738PCS NM

A52BX (MALIK)

(180)

HANOVER, N.H., JUNE 14 (AP)-THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY SAID TODAY COMMUNISM APPEARS TO BE WINNING ON EVERY FRONT WHILE THE WEST ASSIGNS ITSELF TO A DEFENSIVE ROLE.

DR. CHARLES H. MALIK OF LEBANON, ADDRESSING DARTMOUTH COLLEGE'S 189TH COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES, SAID COMMUNISM "CONTROLS DIRECTLY ONE-THIRD OF THE WORLD, AND IT HAS INFILTRATED AND SOFTENED UP IN VARYING DEGREES THE REMAINING TWO-THIRDS."

THE U.N. PRESIDENT SAID COMMUNISM "COMMANDS A MOST FORMIDABLE INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION, SUPERBLY ACTIVE EVERY MINUTE EVERYWHERE (AND) IT HAS A GREAT APPEAL, ESPECIALLY TO SOME INTELLECTUALS AND TO THOSE WHO ARE SEEKING AN ABSOLUTE."

MEANWHILE, THE FREE WORLD "APPEARS TO BE ON THE WHOLE ON THE DEFENSIVE, WAITING FOR A COMMUNIST INITIATIVE TO REACT TO IT, AND THE VISIBLE STRUGGLE IS ALL ON THIS SIDE OF THE IRON CURTAIN," MALIK SAID.

BUT THE SITUATION CAN BE RETRIEVED, HE EMPHASIZED.

"IF HISTORY RESTS ON THE SHOULDERS OF THOSE WHO MADE IT, AND ON NOTHING ELSE, THE LEADERSHIP OF THE FREE WORLD HAS AN UNPARALLELED OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE HISTORY TODAY."

PRESENTED A DOCTOR OF LAWS DEGREE, MALIK WAS ONE OF NINE MEN AWARDED HONORARY DEGREES. THE COLLEGE ALSO CONFERRED 612 DEGREES IN COURSE.

OTHER HONORARY RECIPIENTS INCLUDED:

LAURENCE MCKINLEY GOULD, PRESIDENT OF CARLETON COLLEGE, NORTHFIELD, MINN., AND DIRECTOR OF THE U.S. ANTARCTIC PROGRAM FOR THE INTERNATIONAL GEOPHYSICAL YEAR, A DOCTOR OF LAWS DEGREE.

PATRICK M. MALIN, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION, NEW YORK, DOCTOR OF HUMANE LETTERS.

CHARLES E. ODEGAARD, DARTMOUTH CLASS OF 1932, NOW PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON, SEATTLE, DOCTOR OF LAWS.

JAMES B. RESTON, WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT FOR THE NEW YORK TIMES, DOCTOR OF LETTERS.

FRED C. SCRIBNER JR., DARTMOUTH 1930, UNDERSECRETARY OF THE U.S. TREASURY, DOCTOR OF LAWS.

MJ409PED

A125BX

(170)

DURHAM, N.H., JUNE 14 (AP)-THE PRESIDENT OF MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY SAID TODAY THE OUTCOME OF OUR STRUGGLE WITH SOVIET COMMUNISM MAY HINGE MORE ON EDUCATIONAL THAN WEAPONS SYSTEMS.

JOHN A. HANNAH TOLD A UNIVERSITY OF NEW HAMPSHIRE COMMENCEMENT AUDIENCE RUSSIA HAS DELIBERATELY SET OUT TO SURPASS US IN EDUCATION.

"READING OUR HISTORY COLDLY AND ANALYTICALLY," THE EDUCATOR SAID, "THEIR LEADERS CAME TO THE CONCLUSION YEARS AGO THAT THEY COULD NOT HOPE TO CHALLENGE US SUCCESSFULLY IN ANY FIELD UNLESS THEY COULD FIRST MATCH AND THEN EXCEL US IN EDUCATION, BOTH QUANTITATIVELY AND QUALITATIVELY."

"THIS THEY DETERMINED TO DO--AND THEY WERE AWAY TO A FLYING START BEFORE WE EVEN REALIZED THAT WE WERE IN A RACE."

HANNAH, WHO SERVES AS CHAIRMAN OF PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS, MADE ONE REFERENCE TO THAT SUBJECT IN HIS ADDRESS:

"IN EDUCATION LIES OUR GREATEST HOPE FOR THE ELIMINATION OF THOSE VIOLATIONS OF FUNDAMENTAL CIVIL RIGHTS BASED ON RACE OR CREED OR NATIONAL ORIGIN WHICH HANDICAP US SO GRIEVOUSLY IN OUR RELATIONSHIPS WITH THE PEOPLE OF SO MANY OTHER COUNTRIES."

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190

(110)

NEW YORK, JUNE 14 (AP)-A CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE WILL START HEARINGS NEXT WEEK ON THE "FULL-SCALE EFFECT OF A NUCLEAR WAR ON MAN AND EARTH'S ENVIRONMENT," ITS CHAIRMAN SAID TODAY.

REP. CHET HOLIFIELD (D-CALIF.), HEAD OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON RADIATION OF THE JOINT CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE ON ATOMIC ENERGY, SAID THE HEARINGS AIMED TO SHOW IN EXACT FIGURES WHAT MIGHT HAPPEN TO THE NATION IF AN ATOMIC ATTACK EVER HAPPENED.

HE SAID ON A COLUMBIA BROADCASTING SYSTEM TELEVISION PROGRAM: "I THINK THEY (THE PUBLIC) SHOULD KNOW HOW MANY PEOPLE WILL BE KILLED, HOW MANY OF THEIR CITIES WILL BE DESTROYED AND... HOW MANY PEOPLE OUTSIDE THOSE TARGET AREAS WILL BE KILLED BY RADIATION." 1959

HE TOLD INTERVIEWER HOWARD K. SMITH THAT THE COMMITTEE VISUALIZES AN ATTACK ON THE UNITED STATES BY AN ENEMY POWER USING 1 1/2 BILLION TONS OF FISSIONABLE WEAPONS.

KL618PED

30.24-7421

EPD - JUN 14, 1959